

**HISTORY QUESTIONS PAPER 1 2006**

1. Identify two sources of Kenyan history (2 mks)
2. Name one community in Kenya that belongs to the River Lake Nilotes (1 mk)
3. State two economic activities of the Abagusii in Kenya during the pre- colonial period (2 mks)
4. Give one reason which led to the decline of Gedi during the 15<sup>th</sup> century (1 mk)
5. Name the type of constitution used in Kenya (1mk)
6. Identify two peaceful ways of resolving conflicts (2 mks)
7. What is direct democracy? (1 mk)
8. Identify two development rights of children (2 mks)
9. Name the document which contains the rights of citizens in Kenya (1 mk)
10. Identify one method used by the British to administer Kenya colony between 1920 and 1963 (1 mk)
11. State two ways through which Europeans settlers in Kenya were able to get labour force during the colonial period (2 mks)
12. Name two political parties which were formed in Kenya between 1960 and 1963 (2 mks)
13. Name one reason why an aspiring candidate for a parliamentary seat in Kenya must be nominated by a political party (1 mk)
14. Give two reasons why corruption is being discouraged in Kenya (2 mks)
15. Identify one national philosophy adopted at independence to promote social justice in Kenya (1mk)
16. Name two types of local authorities in Kenya (2 mks)
17. Give one example of indirect taxes in Kenya (1 mk)

**SECTION B (45 marks)**

18. (a) Why did the highlands Nilotes migrate from their original homeland during the pre- colonial period? (5 mks)  
(b) Explain five results of the migration and settlement of the highland Nilotes in Kenya (10 mks)
19. (a) What were the activities of the imperial British East Africa company (IBEAC Co.) Between 1888 and 1895? (5 mks)  
(b) Why did imperial British East Africa Company (IBEAC co.) rule come to an end in 1895? (10 mks)
20. (a) State **five** problems that faced the early political organizations in Kenya up to 1939 (5 mks)  
(b) Explain the role played by women in the struggle for independence in Kenya (10 mks)
21. (a) Give five political reasons that led to the colonization of Kenya by the British during the 19<sup>th</sup> century (5 mks)  
(b) What factors enabled Christian Missionaries to carry out their activities in Kenya by 1920? (10 mks)



**SECTION C (30 MKS)**

22. (a) What **five** situations can make a registered voter to be denied the right to vote in Kenya (5 mks)
- (b) Explain the right to an accused person during trial in a court of law in Kenya (10 mks)
23. (a) What is the composition of the executive Arm of government in Kenya (10 mks)
- (b) Describe **six** functions of the Civil Service in Kenya (12 mks)
24. (a) What are the units of the Kenya Police Force? (5mks)
- (b) Explain **five** factors that make it difficult for the prison department in Kenyan to work effectively. (10 mks)



**HISTORY PAPER 2 QUESTIONS 2006**

**SECTION A (25 MKS)**

1. Give **one** reason why Homo Habilis was referred to as 'able' man (1mk)
2. Identify **one** area in Africa where agriculture began. (1mk)
3. Identify **one** type of trade. (1 mk)
4. Identify **two** improvements which were made on macadamized roads in the Nineteenth century. (2mks)
5. State **two** advantages of use of electricity in industries during the industrial Revolution (2mks)
6. State the **main** contribution of the discovery of chloroform in the field of medicine. (1 mk)
7. Identify **two** factors that led to the growth of Athens as an urban centre.
8. Name **two** officials who assisted the ruler of the shona to administer the Kingdom. (2mks)
9. What is the difference between the scramble and partition of Africa in the nineteenth century? (2mks)
10. Name **one** colony of British in West Africa (1mk)
11. Give **one** reason why the Africans in Tanganyika were against the use of Akindas by German colonial administrators. (1mk)
12. Identify **two** peaceful methods which the nationalists used in South Africa in the struggle for Independence.
13. Give one reason why the United States of America (U.S.A) did not join the First World War until 1971. (1mk)
14. Give the main reason for the failure of the League of Nations (1mk)
15. State **two** achievements of Pan-Africancism between 1945 and 1963. (2mks)
16. State **two** political challenges that faced Tanzania during the rule of President Mwalimu Nyerere. (2mks)
17. Who is the head of Government in India? (1 mark)

**SECTION B (45 MARKS)**

18. a) What were the physical changes which occurred in early human beings as they evolved From ape –like creature to modern people? (5mks)  
b) Described the way of life of Early Human beings during the Old Stone Age period. (10 mks)
19. a) Give **three** factors which should be considered when sending a message. (3mks)  
b) Explain the effects of Telecommunications on modern society. (12mks)
20. a) Give **three** reasons why Lobengula was defeat by the British in 1893? (3 mks)  
b) What were the results of the British Ndebele war of 1893? (12mks)
21. a) What **five** reasons encouraged the nationalists in Mozambique to use Armed struggle to attain independence. (5mks)  
b) Describe the problems which undermined the activities of the nationalists in Mozambique. (10 mks)



**SECTION C (30 MARKS)**

- 22 a) Give three ways through which trade contributed to the rise of Asante Kingdom during the eighteenth century. (10mks)
- b) Describe the social organization of Asante Kingdom in the eighteenth century. (12mks)
23. a) Give **three** categories of the Prime Ministries in Britain? (3mks)
- b) What are the duties of the prime Ministries in Britain? (12 mks)
- 24 a) Give three organs of Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS) (3 marks)
- b) Give **three** organs of the Economic community of West African State (ECOWAS) since its formations? (12 mks)



