

KCSE 2010 MATHEMATRICS PAPER 1

SECTION 1(50 MARKS)

Answer all the questions in the spaces provided.

- Without using a calculator evaluate,

$$\frac{-2(5+3) - 9 \div 3 + 5}{-3 \times 5 + -2 \times 4}$$

(3 mks)
- Kutu withdrew some money from a bank. He spent $\frac{3}{8}$ of the money to pay for Mutua's school fees and $\frac{2}{5}$ to pay for Tatu's fees. If he remained with Ksh 12,330, calculate the amount of money he paid for Tatu's school fees.

(4 mks)
- A straight line l passes through the point $(3, -2)$ and is perpendicular to a line whose equation is $2y - 4x = 1$.

Find the equation of l in the form $y = mx + c$, where m and c are constants.

(3 mks)
- A bus left a petrol station at 9.20 a.m and y traveled at an average speed of 75 km/h to a town N. At 9.40 a.m a taxi traveling at an average speed of 95 km/h, left the same petrol station and followed the route of the bus.

Determine the distance, from the petrol station, covered by the taxi at the time it caught up with the bus.

(3 mks)
- The sum of three consecutive odd integers is greater than 219. Determine the first three such integers.

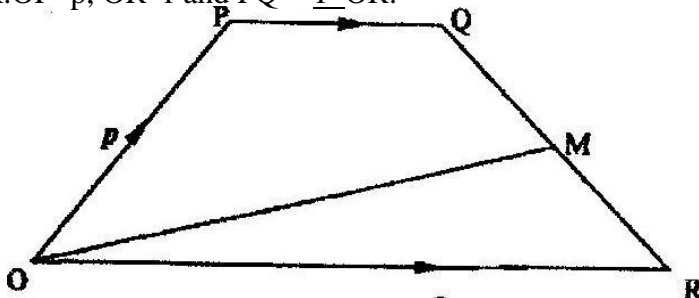
(3 mks)
- A Kenyan company received US Dollars 100,000. The money was converted into Kenya shillings in a bank which buys and sells foreign currencies as follows:

	Buying (in Kenya shillings)	Selling (in Kenya shillings)
1 US Dollar	77.24	77.44
1 Sterling Pound	121.93	122.27

- Calculate the amount of money, in Kenya shillings, the company received. (2 mks)
- The company exchanged the Kenya shillings calculated in (a) above, into sterling pounds to buy a car from Britain. Calculate the cost of the car to the nearest sterling pound.

(2 mks)

- In the figure below, OPQR is a trapezium in which PQ is parallel to OR and M is the mid-point of QR. $OP = p$, $OR = r$ and $PQ = \frac{1}{2} OR$.



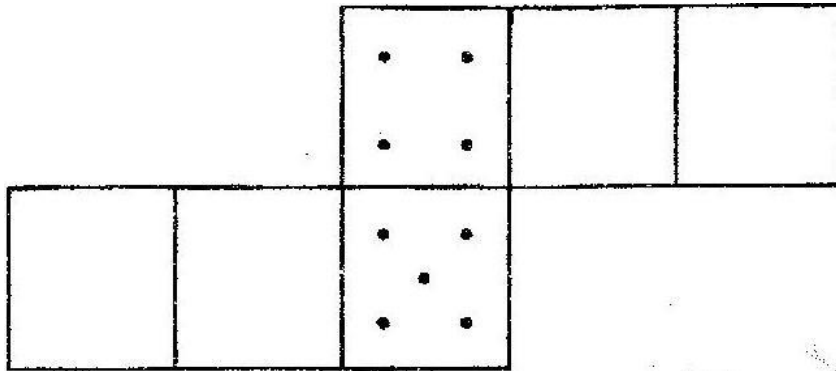
Find OM in terms of p and r .

- Without using mathematical tables or a calculator, evaluate $27^{\frac{2}{3}} \times \left(\frac{81}{16} \right)^{-1/4}$

(3 mks)

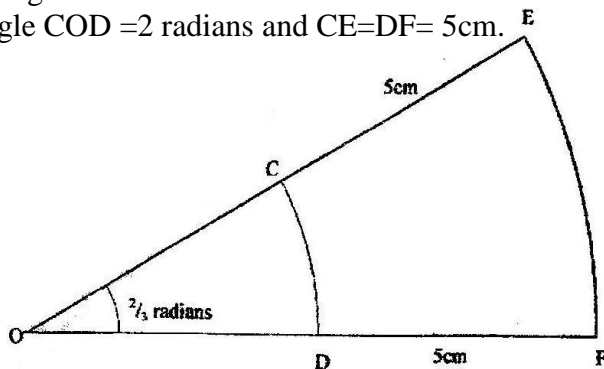


9. The figure below is a net of a cube with some dots on two faces.



Given that the number of dots on pairs of opposite faces add up to 7, fill in appropriate dots in each of the empty faces. (2 mks)

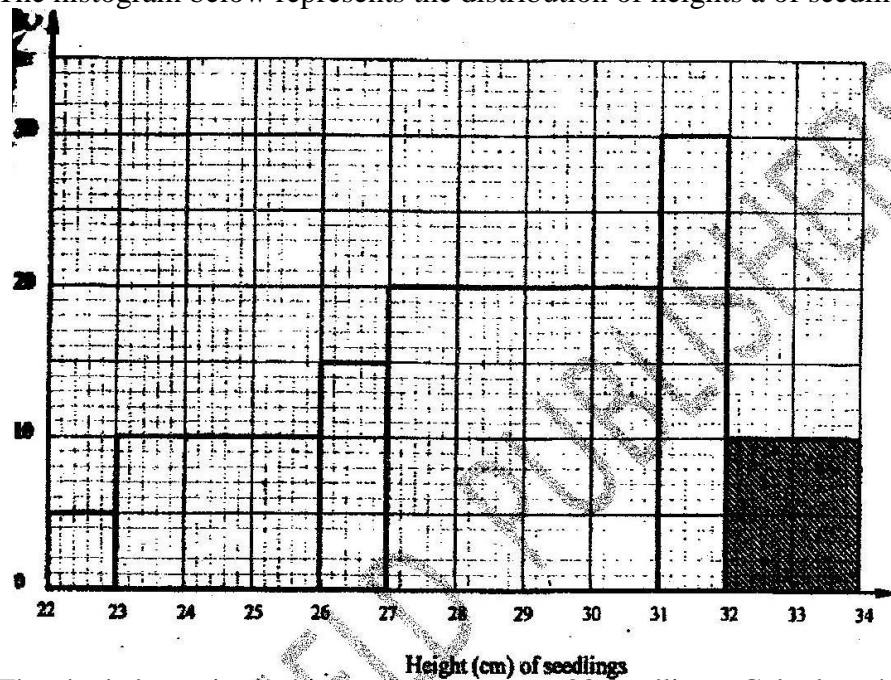
10. Using a ruler and a pair of compasses only, construct a rhombus QRST in which an angle TQR = 60° and QS = 10cm. (3 mks)
11. A fruit vendor bought 1948 oranges on a Thursday and sold 750 of them on the same day. On Friday, he sold 240 more oranges than on Thursday. On Saturday he bought 560 more oranges. Later that day, he sold all the oranges he had at a price of Ksh 8 each. Calculate the amount of money the vendor obtained from the sales of Saturday. (4 mks)
12. Simplify the expression $\frac{x^2 + x - 4xy - 4x}{(x + 1)(4xy^2 - xy)}$ (3 mks)
13. Given that 3θ is an acute angle and $\sin 3\theta$, find the value of θ . (3 mks)
14. A cylindrical solid whose radius and height are equal has a surface area of 154 cm^2 . Calculate its diameter, correct to 2 decimal places. (Take $\pi = 3.142$). (3 mks)
15. The figure below shows two sectors in which CD and EF are arcs of concentric circles, centre O. Angle COD = 2 radians and CE = DF = 5cm.



If the perimeter of the shape CDFE is 24 cm, calculate the length of OC.



16. The histogram below represents the distribution of heights of seedlings of a certain plant.



The shaded area in the histogram represents 20 seedlings. Calculate the percentage number of seedlings with heights of at least 23 cm but less than 27 cm. (3 mks)



SECTION 2 (50 MARKS)

Answer only five questions in this section in the spaces provided.

17. A saleswoman is paid a commission of 20% on goods sold worth over Ksh 100,000. She is also paid a monthly salary of Ksh 12,000. In a certain month, she sold 360 handbags at Ksh 500 each.

- (i) Calculate the saleswoman's earnings that month. (3 mks)
- (ii) The following month, the saleswoman's monthly salary was increased by 10%. Her total earnings that month were Ksh 17,600.

Calculate:

- (i) The total amount of money received from the sales of handbags that month. (5 mks)

- (ii) The number of handbags sold that month. (2 mks)

18. A carpenter constructed a closed wooden box with internal measurements 1.5 metres long, 0.8 metres wide and 0.4 metres high. The wood used in constructing the box was 1.0 cm thick and had a density of 0.6 g/cm^3 .

a). Determine the:

- (i) Volume in cm^3 , of the wood used in constructing the box (4 mks)
- (ii) Mass of the box in kilograms, correct to 1 decimal place. (2 mks)
- b). Identical cylindrical tins of diameter 10 cm, height 20 cm with a mass of 120 g each were packed in the box.

Calculate the:

- (i) Maximum number of tins that were packed. (2 mks)
- (ii) Total mass of the box with the tins. (2 mks)

19.a). Find A^{-1} , the inverse of matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 9 \end{pmatrix}$ (2 mks)

b). Okello bought 5 physics books and 6 mathematics books for a total of Ksh 2,440.

Ali bought 7 physics books and 9 mathematics books for a total of Ksh 3,560.

- (i) Form a matrix equation to represent the above information. i. (1 mk)
- (ii) Use matrix method to find the price of a physics book and that of a mathematics book. (3 mks)

A school bought 36 physics books and 50 mathematics books. A discount of 5% was allowed on each physics book whereas a discount of 8% was allowed on each mathematics book.

C). Calculate the percentage discount in the cost of all the books bought. (4 mks)

20. The boundaries PQ, QR, RS and SP of a ranch are straight lines such that:

Q is 16 km on a bearing of 040° from P; R is directly south of Q and east of P and S is 12 km on a bearing of 120° from R.

- (a) Using a scale of 1 cm to represent 2 km, show the above information in a scale drawing. (3 mks)

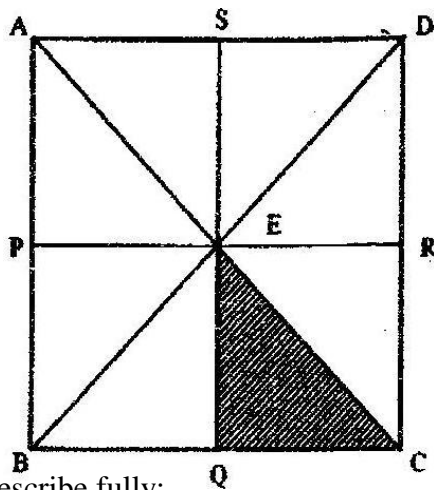
- (b) From the scale drawing determine:



- (i) The distance in kilometers of P from S.
- (ii) The bearing of P from S.

21. Motorbike A travels at 101 km/h faster than motorbike B whose speed is $x \text{ km/h}$. Motorbike A takes $1\frac{1}{2}$ hours less than the motorbike B to cover a 180 km journey.
- (a) Write an expression in terms of x for the time taken to cover the 180 km journey by:
- (i) Motorbike A; (1 mk)
 - (ii) Motorbike B; (1 mk)
- (b) Use the expressions (a) above to determine the speed, in km/h , of motorbike A. (6mks)
- (c) For a journey of 48 km , motorbike B starts 10 minutes ahead of motorbike A. Calculate in minutes, the difference in the time of their arrival at the destination. (2mks)

22. In the figure below, ABCD is a square. Points P, Q, R and S are the midpoints of AB, BC, CD and DA respectively.



- (a). Describe fully:
- (i) a reflection that maps triangle QCE onto triangle SDE. (1mk)
 - (ii) an enlargement that maps triangle QCE onto triangle SAE. (2 mks)
 - (iii) a rotation that maps triangle QCE onto triangle SED. (3 mks)
- (b). The triangle ERC is reflected on the line BD. The image of ERC under the reflection is rotated clockwise through an angle of 90° about P.
- Determine the images of R and C:
- (i) Under the reflection (2mks)
 - (ii) After two successive transformations (2mks)

23. The frequency distribution table below represents the number of kilograms of meat sold in a butchery.

Mass in Kg	1 - 5	6 - 10	11 - 15	16 - 20	21 - 25	26 - 30	31 - 35
Frequency	2	3	6	8	3	2	1

- (a) State the modal frequency (1mk)
- (b) Calculate the mean mass. (5 mks)



24. A rectangular box open at the top has a square base. The internal side of the base is x cm long and the total internal surface area of the box is 432 cm^2 .

(a) Express in terms x :

(i) The internal height h , of the box.

(3mks)

(ii) The internal volume V , of the box.

(1 mk)

(b) Find:

(i) The value of x for which the volume V is maximum;

(4 mks)

(ii) The maximum internal volume of the box.

(2mks)

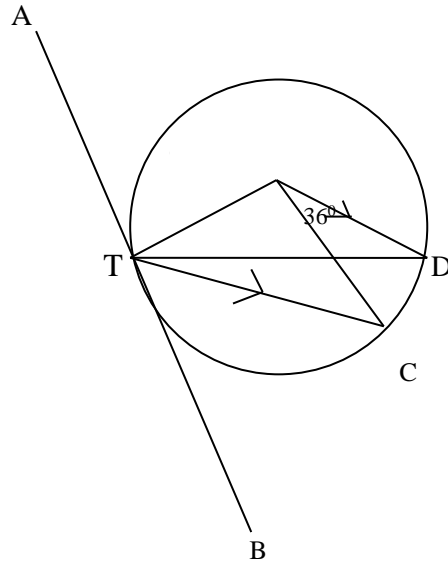


K.C.S.E YEAR 2010 PAPER 2

SECTION I (50 marks)

Answer all the questions in this section in the spaces provided

1. The length and width of a rectangle measured to the nearest millimeter are 7.5cm and 5.2cm respectively. Find, to four significant figures, the percentage error in the area of the rectangle. (3 marks)
2. Simplify $\frac{4}{\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2}} - \frac{3}{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2}}$ (3 marks)
3. In the figure below, O is the center of the circle which passes through the point T, C and D. line TC is parallel to OD and line ATB is a tangent to the circle at T. angle $DOC = 36^\circ$

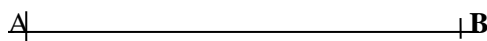


4. Calculate the size of angle CTB (3 marks)
5. A tea dealer mixes two brands of tea, x and y, to obtain 35 kg of the mixture worth Ksh.65 per kg. If brand x is valued at Ksh.68 per kg and brand y at Ksh. 53 per kg, calculate the ratio, in its simplest form, in which the brands x and y are mixed. (3 marks)
6. The length of flower garden is 2 m less than twice its width. The area of the garden is 60m^2 . Calculate its length. (3 marks)
7. Five people can build 3 huts in 21 days. Find the number of people, working at the same rate that will build 6 similar huts in 15 days. (2 marks)
8. When Ksh. 40 000 was invested in a certain bank for 5 years it earned a simple interest of Ksh.3 800. Find the amount that must have been invested in the same bank at the same bank at the same rate for $7\frac{1}{2}$ year to earn a simple interest of Ksh. 3 420 (3 marks)
9. The heights, in centimeters, of 100 tree seedlings are shown in the table below.

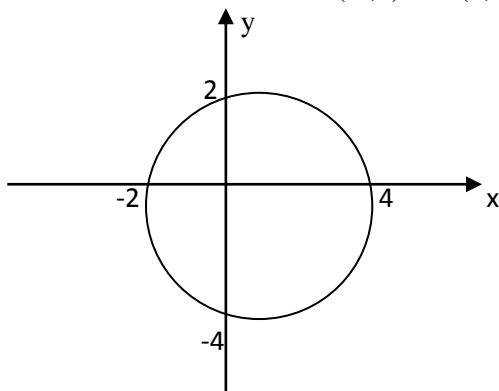
Height (cm)	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69
Number of seedlings	9	16	19	26	20	10



- Find the quartile deviation of the heights. (4 marks)
9. A bag contains 2 white balls and 3 black balls. A second bag contains 3 white balls and 2 black balls. The balls are identical except for the colours. Two balls are drawn at random, one after the other from the first bag and placed in the second bag. Calculate the probability that the 2 balls are both white. (2 marks)
10. The point O, A and B have the coordinates (0,0), (4,0) and (3,2) respectively. Under shear represented by the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & k \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, triangle OAB maps onto triangle OAB'.
- a) Determine in terms of k , the x coordinates of point B'. (2 marks)
- b) If OAB' is a right angled triangle in which angle OB' A is acute, find two possible values of k . (2 marks)
11. A particle starts from O and moves in a straight line so that its velocity $V \text{ ms}^{-1}$ after time t seconds is given by $V = 3t - t^2$. The distance of the particle from O at time t seconds is s metres.
- a) Express s in terms of t and c where c is a constant. (1 mark)
- b) Calculate the time taken before the particle returns to O. (3 marks)
12. a) Expand and simplify $(2 - x)^5$ (2 marks)
- b) Use the first 4 terms of the expression in part (a) above to find the approximate value of $(1.8)^5$ to 2 decimal places.
13. a) Using line AB given below, construct the locus of a point P such that $\angle APB = 90^\circ$. (1 mark)



- b) On the same diagram locate **two** possible position of point C such that point C is on the locus of P and is equidistance from A and B. (2 marks)
14. Make x the subject of the equation: (3 marks)
- $$3y = y + \frac{p}{q + \frac{1}{2}}$$
15. Find the value of x give that $\log (15 - 5x) - 1 = \log (3x - 2)$ (3 marks)
16. The circle shown below cuts the x -axis at (-2,0) and (4,0). It also cuts y -axis at (0,2) and (0,-4).



Determine the:

- a) i) Coordinates of the centre; (1 mark)
- ii) radius of the circle. (1 mark)



- b) Equation of the circle in the form $x^2 + y^2 + ax + by = c$ where a, b and c are constants. (2 marks)

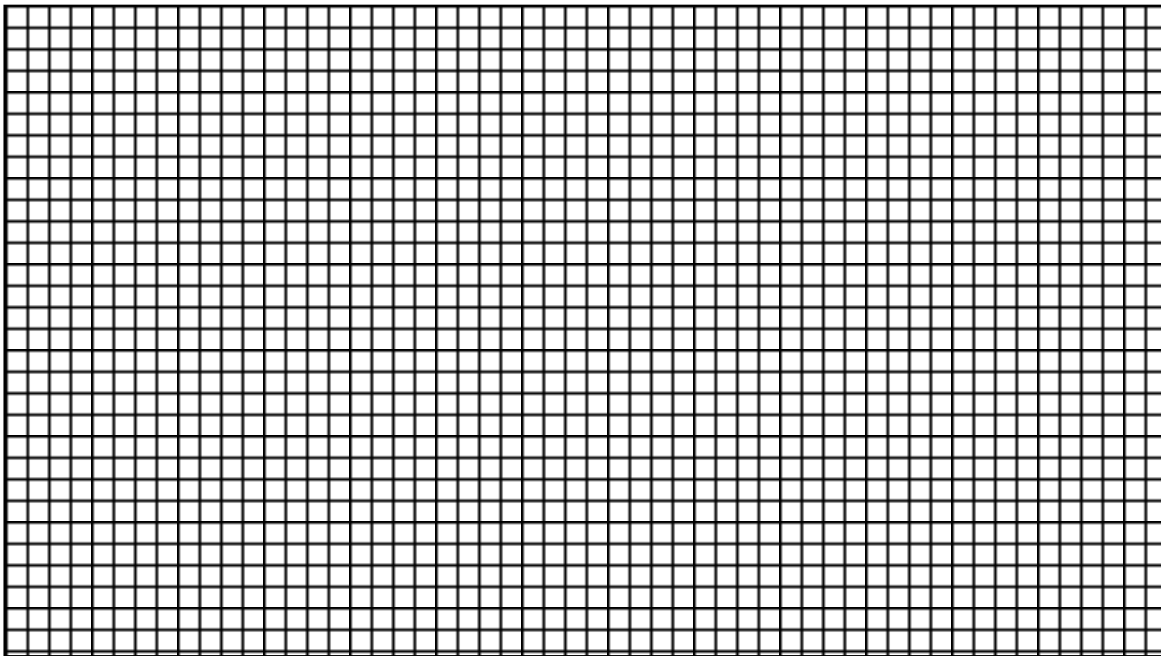
SECTION II (50 marks)

Answer all five questions in this section in the spaces provided.

17. (a) Complete the table below, giving the value correct to 2 decimal places. (2 marks)

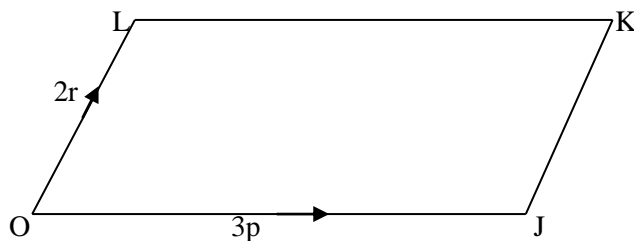
X°	0°	20°	40°	60°	80°	100°	120°	140°	160°	180°
$\cos X^\circ$	1.00	0.94	0.77	0.50		-0.17		-0.77		-1.00
$\sin x^\circ - \cos x^\circ$	-1.00	-0.60		0.37	0.81		1.37		1.28	1.00

- b) On the grid provided and using the same axes draw the graphs of $y = \cos x^\circ$ and $y = \sin x^\circ - \cos x^\circ$ for $0^\circ \leq x \leq 180^\circ$. Using the scale; 1 cm for 20° on the x-axis and 4cm for 1 unit on the y-axis. (5 marks)



- c) Using the graph in part (b);
 i) Solve the equation $\sin x^\circ - \cos x^\circ = 1.2$; (1 mark)
 ii) Solve the equation $\cos x^\circ = \frac{1}{2} \sin x^\circ$; (1 mark)
 iii) Determine the value of $\cos x^\circ$ in part (c) (ii) above. (1 mark)

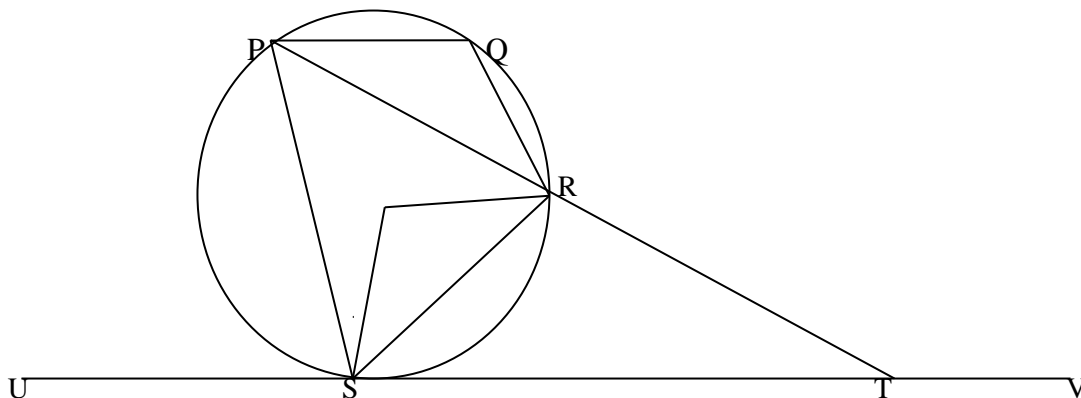
18. In the figure below OJKL is a parallelogram in which $OJ = 3p$ and $OL = 2r$



- a) If A is a point on LK such that $LA = \frac{1}{2} AK$ and point B divide the line JK externally in the ratio 3:1, express \mathbf{OB} and \mathbf{AJ} in terms of \mathbf{p} and \mathbf{r} . (2 marks)
 b) Line OB intersects AJ at X such that $\mathbf{OX} = m\mathbf{OB}$ and $\mathbf{AX} = n\mathbf{AJ}$.



- i) Express OX in terms of p, r and m. (1 mark)
 ii) Express OX in terms of p, r and n (1 mark)
 iii) Determine the value of m and n and hence the ratio in which point x divides line AJ. (6 marks)
19. The position of three points A, B and C are $(34^{\circ}\text{N}, 16^{\circ}\text{W})$, $(34^{\circ}\text{N}, 24^{\circ}\text{E})$ and $(26^{\circ}\text{S}, 16^{\circ}\text{W})$ respectively.
 a) Find the distance in nautical miles between:
 i) Port A and B to the nearest nautical miles; (3 marks)
 ii) Ports A and C. (2 marks)
 b) A ship left port A on Monday at 1330h and sailed to Port B at 40 knots.
 Calculate:
 i) The local time at port B when the ship left port A; (2 marks)
 ii) The day and the time the ship arrived at port B (3 marks)
20. A carpenter takes 4 hours to make a stool and 6 hours to make chair. It takes the carpenter and at least 144 hours to make x stools and y chairs. The labour cost should not exceed Ksh.4800. the carpenter must make a least 16 stools and more than 10 chairs.
 a) Write down inequalities to represent the above information. (3 marks)
 b) Draw the inequality in (a) above on a grid. (4 marks)
 c) The carpenter makes a profit of Ksh 40 on a stool and Ksh 100 on a chair. Use the graph to determine the maximum profit the carpenter can make. (3 marks)
21. A hall can accommodate 600 chairs arranged in rows. Each row has the same number of chairs. The chairs are rearranged such that the number of row is increased by 5 but the number of chairs per row is decreased by 6.
 a) Find the original number of rows of chairs in the hall. (6 marks)
 b) After the re-arrangement 450 people were seated in the hall leaving the same number of empty chairs in each row. Calculate the number of empty chairs per row. (4 marks)
22. The first term of an Arithmetic Progression (A.P.) with six terms is p and its common difference is c. Another A.P. with five terms has also its first term as p and a common difference of d. the last terms of the two Arithmetic Progressions are equal.
 a) Express d in terms of c. (3 marks)
 b) Given that the 4th term of the second A.P. exceeds the 4th term of the first one by $1\frac{1}{2}$, find the value of c and d. (3 marks)
 c) Calculate the value of p if the sum of the terms of the first A.P. is 10 more than the terms of the second A.P. (4 marks)
23. In a uniform accelerated motion the distance
 a) Express in terms of (3 marks)
 b) Find:
 i) The distance travelled in 5 seconds; (2 marks)
 ii) The time taken to travel a distance of 560 metres. (3 marks)
24. In the figure below, P, Q, R and S are points on the circle. Line USTV is a tangent to the circle at S, $\angle \text{RST} = 50^{\circ}$ and $\angle \text{RTV} = 150^{\circ}$. PRT and USTV are straight lines.



- a) Calculate the size of:
- i) $\angle ORS$; (2 marks)
 - ii) $\angle USP$; (1 mark)
 - iii) $\angle PQR$ (2 marks)
- b) Given that $RT = 7$ cm and $ST = 9$ calculate to 3 significant figures:
- i) The length of line PR ; (2 marks)
 - ii) The radius of the circle. (3 marks)

